

RENAL HEALTH SERVICES LIMITED
(Incorporated in Singapore – Registration No. 202301525H)
(Limited by Guarantee)

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT
AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2025

UHY LEE SENG CHAN & CO
Public Accountants and
Chartered Accountants

RENAL HEALTH SERVICES LIMITED
(Incorporated in Singapore – Registration No. 202301525H)
(Limited by Guarantee)

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Renal Health Services Limited

Directors' Statement

For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

The directors are pleased to present their statement to the member together with the audited financial statements of Renal Health Services Limited (the Charity) for the financial year ended 31 December 2025.

Opinion of the directors

In the opinion of the directors,

- (a) the financial statements of the Charity are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Charity as at 31 December 2025 and the financial performance, changes in funds and cash flows of the Charity for the year then ended; and
- (b) at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Charity will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

Directors

The directors of the Charity in office at the date of this statement are:

Timothy Robert Cushway
Behram Ali Khan
Subramanian Srinivas
Wee Xue Ting
Wong Chen Ru
Shariffa Syahidah Chishty
Lee Hien-Weng, Kevin
Lee Ming Zhou

Other Statutory Information

The Charity has no share capital and is limited by guarantee. Accordingly, Paragraphs 2, 5, 6, 8 and 9 of the Twelfth Schedule of the Singapore Companies Act 1967 do not apply.

Renal Health Services Limited


Directors' Statement


For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

Independent auditor

The independent auditor, UHY Lee Seng Chan & Co, has expressed its willingness to accept re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Signed by:

CADBCCDE7C944DD...
Wee Xue Ting
Director

Signed by:

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Lee Hien-Weng, Kevin
Director

12 March 2026

Independent Auditor's Report to the Member of Renal Health Services Limited

For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Renal Health Services Limited (the Charity), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2025, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in funds and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1967 (the Companies Act), the Charities Act 1994 and other relevant regulations (the Charities Act and Regulations) and Financial Reporting Standards in Singapore (FRSs) so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Charity as at 31 December 2025 and the financial performance, changes in funds and cash flows of the Charity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing (SSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Charity in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority (ACRA) *Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities* (ACRA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' Statement set out on pages 1 to 2.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Member of Renal Health Services Limited

For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

Responsibilities of the Management Board and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, the Charities Act and Regulations and FRSs, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised user or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Charity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Charity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Member of Renal Health Services Limited

For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Charity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Charity' to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required to be kept by the Charity have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, and the Charities Act and Regulations.

During the course of our audit, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that during the year the Charity has not complied with the requirements of Regulation 7 of the Charities (Fund-raising Appeals for Local and Foreign Charitable Purposes) Regulations 2012.

Signed by:



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UHY Lee Seng Chan & Co
Public Accountants and
Chartered Accountants

Singapore

12 March 2026

Renal Health Services Limited

Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2025

	Note	2025 \$	2024 \$
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	968,231	450,853
Trade receivables	4	-	7,170
		<u>968,231</u>	<u>458,023</u>
Non-current asset			
Property, plant and equipment	5	701,077	3,074
		<u>1,669,308</u>	<u>461,097</u>
Total assets			
LIABILITY			
Current liability			
Other payables	6	158,794	443,906
		<u>158,794</u>	<u>443,906</u>
Non-current liability			
Other payables	6	555,854	-
		<u>555,854</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities			
		<u>714,648</u>	<u>443,906</u>
NET ASSETS			
		<u>954,660</u>	<u>17,191</u>
FUND			
<u>Unrestricted fund</u>			
General fund		<u>954,660</u>	<u>17,191</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Renal Health Services Limited

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

		2025				2024				
		Unrestricted funds		Restricted fund	Total	Unrestricted funds		Restricted fund	Total	
Note		General fund	Other fund			General fund	Other fund			
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Income										
	Specific purpose donations	7	-	-	142,165	142,165	-	-	237,243	237,243
	Voluntary income	8	978,328	-	-	978,328	41,169	-	-	41,169
	Other income	9	3,392	2,529	-	5,921	609	295	-	904
			981,720	2,529	142,165	1,126,414	41,778	295	237,243	279,316
Expenditure										
	Programme expenses	10	-	-	150,165	150,165	-	-	244,443	244,443
	Other expenses	11	38,780	-	-	38,780	33,534	-	-	33,534
			38,780	-	150,165	188,945	33,534	-	244,443	277,977
	Surplus for the year, representating total comprehensive income for the year		942,940	2,529	(8,000)	937,469	8,244	295	(7,200)	1,339

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Renal Health Services Limited

Statement of Changes in Fund

For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

	Unrestricted funds		Restricted fund	Total
	General fund	Other fund		
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 January 2024	15,852	-	-	15,852
Surplus for the year, representing total comprehensive income for financial year	8,244	295	(7,200)	1,339
Transfer to unrestricted general fund	(6,905)	(295)	7,200	-
Balance at 31 December 2024	17,191	-	-	17,191
Surplus for the year, representing total comprehensive income for financial year	942,940	2,529	(8,000)	937,469
Transfer to unrestricted general fund	(5,471)	(2,529)	8,000	-
Balance at 31 December 2025	954,660	-	-	954,660

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Renal Health Services Limited

Statement of Cash Flows

For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

	Note	2025 \$	2024 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Surplus for the year		937,469	1,339
Adjustment for:			
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	5	4,116	1,546
Operating surplus before working capital changes		941,585	2,885
Changes in working capital:			
Trade receivables		7,170	(7,170)
Other payables		270,742	391,807
Net cash from operating activities		1,219,497	387,522
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(702,119)	-
Net cash used in investing activities		(702,119)	-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		517,378	387,522
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		450,853	63,331
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	3	968,231	450,853

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Renal Health Services Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

1. Corporate information

Renal Health Services Limited (the Charity) is incorporated and domiciled in Singapore as a public company limited by guarantee with its registered office and principal place of business at 1 Orchard Boulevard, Camden Medical Centre #09-08, Singapore 248649.

The principal activity of the Charity is to support, advocate and enable optimised kidney related health, patient well-being and holistic care for the Singaporean community.

The financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2025 were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 12 March 2026.

2. Material accounting policy information

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Charity have been drawn up in accordance with the Companies Act 1967, the Charities Act and other relevant regulations and Financial Reporting Standards in Singapore (FRSs). The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The financial statements are presented in Singapore Dollars (\$), which is the Charity's functional currency.

The financial statements of the Charity have been prepared on the basis that it will continue to operate as a going concern.

2.2 Adoption of new and amended standards and interpretations

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except that in the current financial year, the Charity has adopted all the new and amended standards which are relevant to the Charity and are effective for annual financial period beginning on 1 January 2025. The adoption of these standards did not have any material effect on the financial statements of the Charity.

Renal Health Services Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

2. Material accounting policy information (continued)

2.3 Financial instruments

(a) Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognised when, and only when the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

At initial recognition, the Charity measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Trade receivables are measured at the amount of consideration to which the Charity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third party, if the trade receivables do not contain a significant financing component at initial recognition.

Subsequent measurement

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Charity's business model for managing the asset and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the asset. The three measurement categories for classification of debt instruments are amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and FVPL. The Charity only has debt instruments at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are held for the collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the assets are derecognised or impaired, and through the amortisation process.

Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised where the contractual right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income for debt instruments is recognised in profit or loss.

Renal Health Services Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

2. Material accounting policy information (continued)

2.3 Financial instruments (continued)

(b) Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised when, and only when, the Charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The Charity determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus in the case of financial liabilities not at FVPL, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, financial liabilities that are not carried at FVPL are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. On derecognition, the difference between the carrying amounts and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

2.4 Impairment of financial assets

The Charity recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at FVPL. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Charity expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is recognised for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

Renal Health Services Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

2. Material accounting policy information (continued)

2.4 Impairment of financial assets (continued)

For trade receivables, the Charity applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Charity does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Charity has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment which could affect debtors' ability to pay.

The Charity considers a financial asset in default when internal or external information indicates that the Charity is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Charity. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at banks and on hand which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.6 Property, plant and equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Subsequent to recognition, property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price and any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Dismantlement, removal or restoration costs are included as part of the cost of property, plant and equipment if the obligation for dismantlement, removal or restoration is incurred as a consequence of acquiring or using the property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

	<u>Useful lives</u>
Computer	3 years
Furniture and equipment	5 years
Renovation	5 years

The residual value, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed at least at the end of each financial period, and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on de-recognition of the asset is included in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised.

Renal Health Services Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

2. Material accounting policy information (continued)

2.7 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Charity assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, (or, where applicable, when an annual impairment testing for an asset is required), the Charity makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss.

A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increase cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised previously. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

2.8 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Charity has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

2.9 Revenue

Income is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that the Charity becomes entitled to the income, when it is probable that the income will be received; and when the amount of the income can be measured with sufficient reliability.

Donations, fund raising income and grants are recognised on receipt. However, donations and grants received that are subject to donor-imposed pre-conditions are deferred as liabilities until the Charity is able to meet the terms of the donations and grants.

Renal Health Services Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

2. Material accounting policy information (continued)

2.9 Revenue (continued)

Donation income (voluntary income)

Donations, other than those specified below, are recognised in profit or loss in the period of receipt or when receipt of the amount is certain.

Donations (fund-raising activities)

Donations are recognised as income upon occurrence of the fund-raising events. For donations received after the fund-raising events, they are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are received.

Donations (in-kind)

Donations relating to in-kind donations received for inventories which are donated to the Charity, and are initially recognised as deferred income in the period of receipt. Deferred income is recognised as income over the periods necessary to match them with the disbursement of inventories to needy patients to which the donations relate.

Government subvention

Government subvention is recognised initially as other payables upon receipt and taken to profit or loss when conditions attached to its recognition are met.

Specific purpose donations

Specific purpose donations designated for specific purposes is recognised in profit or loss when the relevant qualifying costs are incurred. Grants that are restricted and where the performance obligations are likely to be discharged over multiple accounting periods, are recorded as deferred grants. These are included in income as when the related performance obligations are discharged.

2.10 Taxes

The Charity is registered under the Charities Act 1994 and is exempt from income tax under Section 13 of the Singapore Income tax Act 1947 to the extent that there are applied to its charitable objects. No tax charges have been arisen for the Charity during the financial period.

2.11 Fund structure

Fund balances restricted by outside sources are so indicated and are distinguished from unrestricted funds. Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the Board in furtherance of the general objectives of the Charity. For administrative reasons, unrestricted funds may be designated by the Board for use under specific purposes.

Renal Health Services Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

3. Cash and cash equivalents

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Cash at banks	968,231	450,853

4. Trade receivables

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Trade receivables	-	7,170

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on 30 days' terms.

5. Property, plant and equipment

	Computers \$	Furniture and equipment \$	Renovation \$	Total \$
2025				
Cost				
Balance at beginning	4,684	-	-	4,684
Additions	4,142	464,499	233,478	702,119
Balance at end	8,826	464,499	233,478	706,803
Accumulated depreciation				
Balance at beginning	1,610	-	-	1,610
Depreciation	1,587	1,633	896	4,116
Balance at end	3,197	1,633	896	5,726
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2025	5,629	462,866	232,582	701,077

Renal Health Services Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

5. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

	Computers \$	Furniture and equipment \$	Renovation \$	Total \$
2024				
Cost				
Balance at beginning and at end	4,684	-	-	4,684
<hr/>				
Accumulated depreciation				
Balance at beginning	64	-	-	64
Charge for the year	1,546	-	-	1,546
<hr/>				
Balance at end	1,610	-	-	1,610
<hr/>				
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2024	3,074	-	-	3,074
<hr/> <hr/>				

6. Other payables

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Non-current liabilities		
Deferred grant income	555,854	-
<hr/>		
Current liabilities		
Deferred grant income	139,594	432,706
Accrued expenses	19,200	11,200
<hr/>		
	158,794	443,906
<hr/>		
Total other payables	714,648	443,906
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Renal Health Services Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

6. Other payables (continued)**Deferred grant income**

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Balance at beginning	432,706	49,099
Fund received during the year	265,271	383,607
Amount recognised in profit or loss	(2,529)	-
Balance at end	<u>695,448</u>	<u>432,706</u>

Deferred income relates to a grant amounting to \$697,977 received to assist the Company in its purchase of property, plant and equipment (the Assets) during the financial year. The deferred income is released to profit or loss on straight line basis over the depreciable period of the Assets purchased

7. Specific purpose donation

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Restricted funds	<u>142,165</u>	<u>237,243</u>

Restricted funds are funds subject to specific trusts, which may be declared by the donors or with their authority such as in the literature of a public appeal or created through legal process, but still within the wider objects of the Charity.

The restricted fund is available for use at the discretion of the Board within projects in furtherance of the objectives of the Charity that have been identified by donors of the Charity or communicated to donors when sourcing for the funds.

8. Voluntary income

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Unrestricted funds		
- Tax deductible donations	575,186	7,170
- Other donations	403,142	33,999
	<u>978,328</u>	<u>41,169</u>

Renal Health Services Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

8. Voluntary income (continued)**Unrestricted funds**

Unrestricted funds are funds received by the Charity that are expendable for any activity within the Charity at the discretion of the management in furtherance of the Charity's charitable objectives.

9. Other income

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Amortisation of deferred grant income (Note 6)	2,529	-
Interest income	3,328	435
Miscellaneous income	64	469
	<u>5,921</u>	<u>904</u>

10. Programme expenses

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Event expenses		
- Restricted	<u>150,165</u>	<u>244,443</u>

Renal Health Services Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

11. Other operating expenses

Other operating expenses include:

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Corporate dues	4,319	3,375
Audit fee	4,578	5,033
Accounting fee	1,000	1,054
Fund raising expenses	845	243
Depreciation of property, plant and equipments	4,116	1,546
Programme commuting expenses	225	1,986
Bank charges	114	196
Meeting expenses	673	1,516
Supplies and consumables	6,773	12,000
Insurance	2,930	2,530
Employee benefit expenses*	7,737	-
Website development and hosting	4,722	-
Memberships and subscriptions	748	-
Legal fees	-	3,848
Repair and maintenance	-	200
Postage and mailing	-	7
	38,780	33,534
	38,780	33,534

* The salary band for the 3 (2024 : Nil) staff of the Charity ranges from \$1,350 to 6,111 (2024 : Nil).

12. Compensation of key management personnel

There are no other key management personnel apart from the Charity's directors. The directors did not receive any remuneration during the financial year.

13. Income tax status

The tax-deductible donations for financial year ended 31 December 2025 is \$575,186 (2024 : \$7,170). No provision for taxation has been made in the financial statements as the Charity is exempt from income tax under Section 13(1)(zm) of the Income Tax Act 1947.

Renal Health Services Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

14. Fair value of assets and liabilities

Assets and liabilities not measured at fair value

Cash and cash equivalents and other payables

The carrying amounts of these balances approximate their fair values due to the short-term nature of these balances.

Trade receivables

The carrying amounts of trade receivables approximate their fair values as they are subject to normal trade credit terms.

15. Financial risk management

The Charity's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks from its operations. The key financial risks include credit risk and liquidity risk.

The directors review and agree policies and procedures for the management of these risks, which are executed by the management team. It is, and has been throughout the current and previous financial year, the Charity's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purposes shall be undertaken.

The following sections provide details regarding the Charity's exposure to the above-mentioned financial risks and the objectives, policies and processes for the management of these risks.

There has been no change to the Charity's exposure to these financial risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a loss to the Charity.

The carrying amount of each financial asset recognised in the statement of financial position represents the Charity's maximum exposure to credit risk. Cash is placed with banks which are regulated.

Cash and cash equivalents are subject to the impairment requirements of the standard on financial instruments. There was no identified impairment loss.

Renal Health Services Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

15. Financial risk management (continued)**(a) Credit risk (continued)****Trade receivables**

The Charity has applied the simplified approach in FRS 109 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. The Charity determines the ECL by using a provision matrix, estimated based on historical credit loss experience based on the past due status of the debtors, adjusted as appropriate to reflect current conditions and estimates of future economic conditions. Accordingly, the credit risk profile of trade receivables is presented based on their past due status in terms of the provision matrix.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Charity will encounter difficulty in meeting its short-term obligations due to shortage of funds.

The Charity monitors its liquidity risk and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management for its working capital requirements.

All financial liabilities are repayable on demand or due within one year from the reporting date.

16. Financial instruments by category

At the reporting date, the aggregate carrying amounts of financial assets at amortised cost and financial liabilities at amortised cost were as follows:

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Financial assets measured at amortised cost		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	968,231	450,853
Trade receivables (Note 4)	-	7,170
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		
Other payables excluding deferred grant income (Note 6)	19,200	11,200
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Renal Health Services Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

17. Fund management

The fund structure of the Charity comprises unrestricted and restricted funds. The Charity regards its unrestricted fund as its reserves. As at the reporting date, the Charity's closing fund balance is held under unrestricted funds. The Charity's fund management policies require it to maintain sufficient reserves to ensure long term financial sustainability and continuity for the purpose of providing patient well-being and holistic care for the Singaporean community.

The Charity is not subject to any externally imposed reserve requirement.

The Charity reviews its fund structure at least annually to ensure that the Charity will be able to continue as a going concern. The Charity overall strategy remains unchanged during the financial years ended 31 December 2025.

18. Standard issued but not yet effective

A number of new standards and amendments to standard that have been issued are not yet effective and have not been applied in preparing these financial statements.

Description	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
Amendments to FRS 109 <i>Financial Instruments</i> and FRS 107 <i>Financial Instruments: Disclosures: Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments</i>	1 January 2026
Annual Improvement to FRSs Volume 11	1 January 2026
Amendments to FRS 109 <i>Financial Instruments</i> and FRS 107 <i>Financial Instruments: Disclosures: Contracts Referencing Nature-Dependent Electricity</i>	1 January 2026
FRS 118 <i>Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statement</i>	1 January 2027
FRS 119 <i>Subsidiaries and Small Entities without Public Accountability</i>	1 January 2027

The directors expect that the adoption of these new and amended standards will have no material impact on the financial statements in the year of initial application.

Renal Health Services Limited

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the financial year ended 31 December 2025

(Illustrating the analysis of expenses by nature)

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Income		
Donations	1,120,493	278,412
Other income	5,921	904
	<u>1,126,414</u>	<u>279,316</u>
Less expenses		
Programme expenses	150,165	244,443
Corporate dues	4,319	3,375
Audit fee	4,578	5,033
Accounting fee	1,000	1,054
Fund raising expenses	845	243
Depreciation of property, plant and equipments	4,116	1,546
Programme commuting expenses	225	1,986
Bank charges	114	196
Meeting expenses	673	1,516
Supplies and consumables	6,773	12,000
Insurance	2,930	2,530
Employee benefit expenses	7,737	-
Website development and hosting	4,722	-
Memberships and subscriptions	748	-
Legal fees	-	3,848
Repair and maintenance	-	200
Postage and mailing	-	7
	<u>188,945</u>	<u>277,977</u>
Surplus before income tax	<u>937,469</u>	<u>1,339</u>